

The Daily Gazetteer.

Nov. 2433

SATURDAY, APRIL 9. 1743.

Naples, March 20.



THE Court of Madrid has made the most pressing Instances to induce his Majesty not only to send the Troops in Spanish Pay, but a considerable Body also of his own Forces, to support the Count de Gages in Italy. To this End, Lieutenant-General Count Mariani came hither from the Army itself, to make the Ministry sensible of the Necessity there was not to lose more Time in taking this Step. But since his Arrival he has been given to understand, that it was by no Means clear to the Council of his Neapolitan Majesty, that the March of his Forces would enable Count de Gages to gain any considerable Advantage over Marshal Traun, since they were sensible his Army must be increased to near 30,000 Men before the Troops of Naples could join the Spaniards, and consequently be full a Month for them after their Junction; that in the mean time there was no Question to be made, that Admiral Matthews would send part of his Squadron on the Coast, which, when the Kingdom was disfigured of his Troops, might have very fatal Consequences. That upon the whole the Hazard was great, the Advantage very uncertain; and therefore his Majesty was resolv'd, in so critical a Conjunction, to make use of his own Troops for the Defence of his own Country. Count Mariani dispatch'd an Express with this News to Count de Gages, in Consequence of which, it is expected that Gentleman will immediately retire into Romagna.

Rome, March 23. On Saturday last his Holiness declar'd the new Governors of the Towns in the Ecclesiastical State, whence we apprehend, that the Promotion of Cardinals is not so near as most People thought it. The Canonization of Pope Innocent XI. will shortly take place. The Pope has sent for all the Papers relating to it, in order to read them at Castle Gondolpho; and as his Holiness wrote a very large Book on the Power of the Church in such Matters, while he was a Cardinal, it cannot be doubted that he will form a proper Judgment of this Matter.

Pisa, March 23. Baron Neuhoft is arrived here, and it is said, he will speedily set out for Florence. By the Appearance he makes, and the Escort he has with him, there is no room left to doubt that he is powerfully supported. He waits the Arrival of a Dutch Ship at Leghorn, on board which there are 15 Pieces of heavy Cannon. As soon as it arrives, he proposes to return to Corsica, with 36 Officers he has taken into his Service.

Nuremberg, April 4. We have certain Advice here, that Prince Charles of Lorraine is to command at the Siege of Egra; which, very probably, will not hold long, since the Governor has already offer'd to capitulate upon honourable Terms, and the French have miscarried in their Attempt to throw 1500 Men into the Place.

Louvain, April 7. Letters from Brussels inform us, that two Lodges of Free Masons that were form'd there, have had the same Fate with that at Vienna. It seems that Court is determin'd to permit no Assemblies of that Sort in its Dominions, but, for what Reason, remains as great a Secret as that of which the Free Masons boast. In the mean time, the Brethren may retire, if they think fit, to the Court of the King of Prussia, who is their great Protector, a German and a French Lodge being lately open'd at Berlin with unusual Solemnities.

Hague, April 13. We have seen here lately a very extraordinary Piece, intitled, *A Letter from an honest Dutchman to M. V. H. of Dort*. It contains a Vindication of the Measures of the States of Holland, in respect to the Assistance they incline to give to her Majesty of Hungary and Bohemia; and is penn'd, abating for the Warmth of the Author, with much Sense, and a strong Appearance of Patriotism.

The Author begins with observing, That if the Pragmatick Sanction had no other Tendency than to aggrandise the House of Austria, it would be a ridiculous Thing for the Maritime Powers to exhaust themselves in Support of it, as indeed it would have been to Guaranty it; and yet all that is said against assisting and defending the Queen of Hungary, is grounded on this Supposition, that we have done, and are inclined to do, too much for the House of Austria, which in the Case of the Ostend Company, the Affair of Embden, and other Instances, did not make suitable Returns for the Cordial Affection shewn by the States towards his late Imperial Majesty and his Family. All which Reasoning falls to the Ground, if in Reality the Maintenance of the Pragmatick Sanction really concerns us and our Neighbours, as much as it does the Queen of Hungary and Bohemia.

In the first Place, The Preamble of that Settlement recites, that it was for preserving the Peace and Safety of Germany, the Dominions of the House of Austria were so settled. Now if this was true, it was apparently the Interest of this Republick to guaranty and support this Establishment; since the Peace and Prosperity of the German States is scarce of greater Consequence to them than to us, on Account of our Connection with them, in point of Interest as well as Commerce; which renders it impossible that any Disturbances should break out in Germany, without deeply affecting the Republick. But that, in fact, this Settlement was for the Common Security of the German States, is most evident; since had it taken Place, the Tranquillity of that great Country had been preserved; whereas, by setting it aside, all its Princes have been arm'd one against another. So that to deny the Utility of the Pragmatick Sanction to this End, is denying a visible Truth, of which we are convinced by melancholy Experience.

But in the next, the Pragmatick Sanction was asserted to be for the Common Benefit of Europe, and for the Particular Advantage of all its Potentates. Nor was it barely asserted so to be by the late Emperor Charles VI. But this was also owned and asserted to by Russia, France, Spain, Great Britain, &c. as well as by the States of the United Provinces; so that clearer Proof could not be had of this Point, since the very Guaranties of those Powers (if adhered to) must have preserved the Peace of Europe from being broken about it; which would not only have been a very great present Advantage, but also a very useful Precedent for succeeding Times. On this View of the Matter, it must be acknowledged by every indifferent and candid Judge, that the greatest Powers in Europe, when disposed to consider their joint Safety and the common Tranquillity, have conceived of the Pragmatick Sanction as the late Emperor did, and the Maritime Powers still do. If they have thought otherwise, it has been under the Influence of their Private Interests, and purely to gratify the Views of their Ambition.

If therefore the Queen of Hungary and Bohemia demands Assistance, she demands it in favour of an Establishment which is of the highest Consequence to the Peace of Germany, and the common Safety of Europe. If her Allies can maintain her in the quiet Possession of her Dominion, the End of their Guaranty will be answer'd, the Balance of Power restor'd, and the Disturbances of their Neighbours will have rais'd this Storm without Effect.—But if she should be overborn in this Contest, what would that produce? Must a Peace ensue thereupon? Could we depend on such a Peace? With equal Wisdom we may neglect our Dikes, because the Danger of the Seas breaking in is not immediate, as trust ourselves to the Mercy of our natural Enemies, by sacrificing to them, thro' want of timely Assistance, our best Allies. Hitherto, by the Union between the Maritime Powers and the House of Austria, France has been effectually restrained: If we are the first to dissolve this Union, who shall defend us from being the first that shall suffer by it? If the Republick must run Hazards, let it be in Behalf of her Friends, and in Support of Treaties; not to gratify her Foes, and sully her hitherto unspotted Reputation.

Extract of a private Letter, Paris, April 10. 1743.

The Regulation lately made in relation to Letters de Cachet, reduces them to what they were in the Time of Lewis XIV. It was a shameful Liberty the Court Bishops took in procuring, on secret Informations, these Letters, and thereby sending worthy People into Banishment about trivial Differences in Religion, so that they have never afterwards been heard of. We are in hopes that his Majesty to his late Favour will add another, viz. the recalling such as have been thus unlawfully banish'd; which, if the Matter be but fairly stated to him, we have no reason to doubt, since his Majesty always interposes to prevent these Severities, whenever they come to his Ears. Beside, the Bishop of Meaux, who is chiefly consulted in these Matters, is very far from being a Bigot.

Marshal Maillebois met with but a cold Reception at Versailles, and is visibly on the Decline. The Countess of Tholouse is gone with her Son, the Duke de Pen-thievre, to her Country Seat. The last Advices from M. de Fenelon, are far from being satisfactory, inasmuch, that it is resolv'd to secure France from the Designs of her Enemies by numerous Armies on all Sides. It is computed that the Duke de Bouillon's Journey to Spain will cost him at least 6 or 700,000 Livres, exclusive of the 300,000 for which he has a Warrant; but 'tis still uncertain when he will set out. The Court receives frequent Advices from Frankfort, Madrid, London, and even from Vienna, by all

which it is evident Things are at a Crisis, and we are on the Eve of a general Peace, or a general War. The March of the English Auxiliaries will decide this; for it has been resolv'd in Council not to suffer them to carry their Point in Germany, come of it what will, since we conceive it owing to their Intrigues Things have gone so wrong in the North, in Italy, and in Switzerland. Besides, something has been lately done by their Aid—M——, which is past all bearing; and if we do not vindicate the Honour of our Flag and Arms, speedily we shall be despis'd all Europe over, while our Rival carries all before her.—This, Sir, is the Language here at present, perhaps e're long it may change.

HOME PORTS.

Newcastle, April 2. Arrived here since our last, the Baker, Davison, from Christiana for Camphere; the Hunter, Southern, in Ballast; and the Two Brothers, Pemberton; the Sufannah, Blagdon, from Bremen; the William and Jane, Forster, from Middleburgh; and the Ann, Simpson, from Rotterdam. Arrived also 86 light Ships from the Coast, and sail'd 63 laden Ships.

Cleared out, the Content, Benson, and the Friends Increase, Grainge, both for Dieppe; the Satisfaction, Boyes, for St. Valery; the Two Sisters, Trapnell, the Blagdon, Whinney, and the Dispatch, Thistlewaite, for the Sound; the Marshal, Wallace, and the Young Charles, Heaton, for Lisbon; the Haverfordwest, Ritchie, for Drontheim; the Apple, Hutchinson, for Copenhagen; the Friends Desire, Potts, for Rotterdam; and the James, Muzies, for Dunkirk; also 60 Ships with Coals for the Coast.

Pool, April 6. Wind N. Sailed the Thompson, Thompson, the John and Ann, Rogers, and the Joseph and Mary, Badcock, all for London; the Martha and Elizabeth, Segar, for Newfoundland. Came in the Stafford, Perry, for Liverpool from London.

Come, April 6. Wind N.N.W. On the 4th sail'd the Neptune Tender, Knight, to the Westward; the Mary, Rose, from Chichester, and the Prince of Orange, Franclyn, from Portsmouth, both for Lisbon; the Cranbury, Guillaume, from Oporto; and the John and Mary, Pitton, from Southampton; both for Guernsey. On the 5th came in the Success, Hill, from London to load Corn for Lisbon. Sailed the Hannah Tender, Tiller, to the Eastward.

Portsmouth, April 7. This Morning came to Spithead his Majesty's Ships the Blandford, Capt. Todd, and the Baltimore Sloop, Capt. Boyce; and the Ashted, Oliver, from the Downs for Antigua.

Dover, April 7. Wind N. and blows hard. Came in the Hannah, Gotham, from Waterford; the Susanna, Waters, from Bourne, both for Rotterdam; the L'Amitie, Mernie, from Roan for Amsterdam; the Three Sisters, Date, from Topham for Sunderland. Arrived the Schooner Prince William, Driscoll, from Genoa, last from Gibraltar; the Seahorse, Comyn, from Figueira; and the Happy Couple, Cox, from Bristol; all for London.

Deal, April 7. Wind N.N.W. and blows hard. Arrived the Susanna, Harnot, from Jamaica. Came down the Ann, Cock, for Maryland; and the Carter, Malbon, for Virginia; and remain with the Terror, Grenado, and Lightning Bombs; the Loverendale, Mangalane, for East-India; the Greenwich, Gely, for Newfoundland; the Whitaker, Whiting, and the Ruby, Waffe, both for Virginia.

Gravefend, April 7. Pass'd by the Ann and Mary, Brown, from Norway.

Arrived at several Ports.

At Jamaica, the Parnassus, Johnson, the Ann, Marshall, and the Friends Goodwill, Doleman, all from London.

At Beershaven, the Ann Snow, Blasing, from Jamaica.

At Dover, the Robert, Marshall, from Jamaica, last from Wales.

L O N D O N.

The St. Claudia, a Spanish Register-ship from Cadiz for Vera Cruz, is taken and carried into Jamaica.

On Thursday last the Books of his Majesty's Ship the Prince Frederick were sent to Chatham, in order to pay off such of her Company as are turned into the Dreadnought, now at the Nore.

The same Day 6000 Ounces of Foreign Gold Coin was enter'd at the Customhouse for Holland.

Yesterday Moring died, at his House in Bridges-street, Covent-Garden, Mr. James Trewman, an eminent Lace Merchant.

Yesterday the Corps of her Grace the Dutchess of Buckingham was interr'd with great Funeral Pomp in a Vault in King Henry the VIII's Chapel.

Her Grace's Effigy, in Wax, was dress'd in the Robes she wore at the Coronation, and placed under a Canopy of State in an open Chariot, attended by the Heralds at Arms, &c.

The Pall was supported by the Dukes of Cleveland, Norfolk, Portland, and Richmond.

The Lady Phipps, Daughter to the Right Hon. the Lord Harvey, and Granddaughter to her Grace, was Chief Mourner.

The Ceremony was performed by the Lord Bishop of Rochester.

His Majesty has been pleased to create the Right Hon. the Lord Viscount Lymington to be Earl of Portsmouth.

George Pain, Esq; is appointed Secretary to the Commissioners of the Land-Tax, in the room of Francis Sorrell, Esq; deceased.

By a Letter from Newcastle, dated Feb. 2. between Four and Five in the Afternoon, one Mr. John Kirton, of the City of York, Carpenter, was robbed of 446 l. between Hull and Beverly. A Hue and Cry was rais'd, but the Highwayman got clear off.

SITTINGS appointed in London and Middlesex before the Right Honourable Sir JOHN WILLES Knight, Lord Chief Justice of his Majesty's Court of Common Pleas at Westminster, in and after Easter-Term, 1743. Middlesex. London.

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|----------|----------|---------|----------|
| Monday | April 25 | Tuesday | April 26 |
| Thursday | 28 | Friday | 29 |
| Monday | May 2 | Tuesday | May 3 |
| Monday | 9 | Tuesday | 10 |

After Term. After Term.

Tuesday May 17 Wednesday May 18
At the Brandy Warehouses under the Royal Exchange Punch-house are now on Sale, the best Jamaica Rum at 7 s. 9 d. the best Conise Brandy at 8 s. and Batavia Arrack at 14 s. per Gallon; but if the Arrack is taken from the India House, or the Brandy or Rum off the Keys when landed, there will be an Abatement.

And at the said Warehouses are now on Sale, a considerable Quantity of Brandy and Rum made into Shrub, or Oranges of this Year's Importation, and then in the greatest Perfection.

And as some Persons may be desirous of having Samples of the same, the above Brandy and Rum (if sold in a less Quantity than a Gallon) is 1 s. per Pint, and Arrack 1 s. 9 d.

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| High Water this Day | Morning | Evening |
| at London-Bridge | 10 58 | 11 28 |

Bank Stock, 147 1-half to 1-4th to 1-half. India, 151. South Sea, 110 5-8ths. Old Annuity, 114 3-8ths to 1-half. New ditto, 112 3-4ths to 7-8ths. Three per Cent. Annuities, 100 1-8th to 1-4th. Seven per Loan, Nothing done, Five per Cent. ditto, Nothing done. Royal Assurance, 82. London Assurance, 11 5-8ths to 3-4ths. India Bonds, 4 l. 6 s. to 5 s. to 6 s. Prem. Bank Circulation, 4 l. 12 s. 6 d. Prem. Sale Tallies, 102. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders, 109. Three per Cent. ditto, 98. Million Bank, 118 5-4ths. Equivalent, 125. Lottery Tickets, 11 l.

Admiralty-Office, April 4, 1743.
IT is the Direction of my Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, That all the Petty-Officers and Seamen belonging to his Majesty's Ship the Victory, who are absent from their Duty, on repair on board the said Ship in Portsmouth Harbour, on or before the last Day of this Month, on Pain not only of being made Run on the Ship's Books, but of being apprehended, and tried at a Court Martial as Deserters.

Thomas Corbett.

Admiralty-Office, April 7, 1743.
IT is the Direction of the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, That all the Seamen who were turned over from the Worcester into the Prince Frederick, sitting out at Portsmouth, whose Leases of Absence expired on the 5th instant, do repair on board the said Ship, on or before the 10th Instant, her Captain being directed to Run all such as do not appear on board at the aforesaid Time, after which, all such as are then absent, will not only lose their Wages, but also be liable to be taken up as Deserters, and tried at a Court Martial.

Thomas Corbett.

Just Published,
Some Observations on a Pamphlet published by the Rev. Mr. John Lewis of Margate, entitled, A vindication of the ancient Britains, and the Pighards of Bononia from the false Accusations of being Anabaptists, &c. To which is added, A short Remark on that Part of the Church Catechism, relating to Baptism.

By RICHARD CHILTON, late Hoyman of Ramsgate. To be Sold by Mr. John Robinson, at Dockhead; Aaron Ward, in Little Britain; and Caleb Hooker, in Ratcliff Highway, Booksellers.

General Post-Office, London, March 10, 1742.
WHEREAS notwithstanding the Public Notice that has been so repeatedly given by this Office, as well in the Gazette as in the other News Papers, concerning the Foreign Postage which is to be paid here for all Letters that are to go to Germany, Italy, or any other Country beyond Holland, France, or Flanders, Mistakes have sometimes been made, and Letters have been delivered at this Office, directed to those Countries, without paying the Foreign Postage, as required by Act of Parliament; the Postmaster-General has thought fit to advertise, That the Postage to be paid here at this Office, or at the respective Receiving-Houses or Offices appointed and authorized for the taking in of Letters in Town or Country, by all Persons corresponding with Germany, Italy, or any Foreign Parts in the North or the South, by the Way of Holland, France, or Flanders, is after the following Rates; viz.

Between London and any Part of Germany, Italy, Sicily, Switzerland, Denmark, or Sweden, and all Parts of the North (thro' Holland) Single, 1 s. Double, 2 s. Treble, 3 s. Ounce, 4 s.

Between London and any Part of Spain or Portugal (thro' France, or by Packet-boats directly) Single, 1 s. 6 d. Double, 3 s. Treble, 4 s. 6 d. Ounce, 6 s.

Between London and any Part of Italy or Sicily (thro' France, by Way of Lyons) or any Part of Turkey, by Way of Marseilles, Single, 1 s. 3 d. Double, 2 s. 6 d. Treble, 3 s. 9 d. Ounce, 5 s.

And it is to be observed, That on Failure of such Payment of the above Rates, no Letters to such Foreign Parts can be forwarded from this Office; and that for all Letters directed to Foreign Countries, by the Way of Holland, France, and Flanders, as above, sent to this Office to be forwarded from any Parts of the Kingdom of Great Britain, distant from London, or from any Parts of Ireland, the usual Inland Postage to London is also to be paid, over and above the Foreign Postage.

N. B. By a Cover of Separate Paper to a Letter of a Single Sheet it becomes a Double Letter; and if such Cover be to a Double Letter it becomes Treble, and is to be paid for accordingly.

By Command of the Post-master General,
GEORGE SHELVOCKE, Secretary.

On Thursday, the 7th Instant, began the Sale of the Books enumerated in the First and Second Volumes of

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WHICH will be continued every Day at the Library at St. Mary Le Bon, from Nine in the Morning to Seven in the Evening, till the Publick shall be advertised of its Conclusion. CATALOGUES may be had at T. OSBORNE's in Gray's Inn, and at the late Earl of Oxford's Library at St. Mary Le Bon. N. B. Many Gentlemen having expressed their Unwillingness to pay for the Catalogue, and appear to expect that it shall be delivered in the usual Manner, it is thought necessary to advertise those who have already favoured this Design by their Subscriptions, and who ought not to suffer by their Generosity, That all those who have purchased or shall purchase this Catalogue shall be at Liberty to exchange it at the Sale for any other Book of the same Price.

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VOL. II. contains, A Journey from this World to the next, &c.

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